

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : THROTTLE BODY CLEAN Product code : 59970northamerica

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Additive Aerosols

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : MOTUL.

Address : 119 BOULEVARD FELIX FAURE.93300.AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX.FRANCE. Telephone : +33 (0)1.48.11.70.00. Fax : +33 (0)1.48.33.28.79. Email: motul hse@motul.fr

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number : +44 (0) 1235 239 670.

Association/Organisation : .

### Other emergency numbers

To be translated (XML)

BRAZIL : +55 11 3197 5891 / COLOMBIA : +57 1 508 7337 / ARGENTINA : +54 11 5984 3690 / CHILE : +562 2582 9336 Ireland : +353 1 8092566

### **SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### HCS compliant.

Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4 (Acute Tox. 4). Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2). Eye irritation, Category 2B (Eye Irrit. 2B). Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 (Repr. 2). Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3). Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3). Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (STOT RE 2). Aspiration hazard, Category 1 (Asp. Tox. 1).

ACETONE

TOLUENE

**XYLENE** 

### 2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

### HCS compliant.

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : DANGER Product identifiers : CAS 67-64-1 CAS 1330-20-7 CAS 108-88-3 Hazard statements : H222 H229 H304

Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

ETY DATA SHEET (H	CS, Annexe D table D.1) N - 59970northame	Version 7.1 ( <sup>7</sup>
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H320	Causes eve irritation.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child .	
1373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .	
Precautionary stateme		
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	
Precautionary stateme	•	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignitio	n sources. No
	smoking.	
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.	
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.	
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.	
264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.	
280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.	
Precautionary stateme	ents - Response :	
2301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/	
2302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water	
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breath	ning.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor//if you feel unwell.	
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.	
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
Precautionary stateme	ents - Storage :	
P405	Store locked up.	
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/12.	2 °F.
Precautionary stateme	ents - Disposal :	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/i regulations.	nternational
3. Other hazards		

### 2.3. Other hazards

No data available.

### SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Composition :

Identification	HCS	Nota	%
CAS: 123-42-2	GHS07	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 204-626-7	Wng		
	Eye Irrit. 2B, H320		
4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTA	N-2-ONE		
CAS: 67-64-1	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 200-662-2	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
ACETONE	Eye Irrit. 2B, H320		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
CAS: 1330-20-7	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 215-535-7	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
XYLENE	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2B, H320		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H335		
	STOT RE 2, H373		
CAS: 100-41-4	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10

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ROTTLE BODY CLEAN - 59970n	orthame		
EC: 202-849-4	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
ETHYLBENZENE	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT RE 2, H373		
CAS: 124-38-9	GHS04	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 204-696-9	Wng	[7]	
20.204 000 0	Press. Gas, H280	[,]	
CARBONDIOXIDE			
CAS: 108-88-3	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02	[1]	0 <= x % < 1
EC: 203-625-9	Dgr	[2]	
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
TOLUENE	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Repr. 2, H361		
	STOT RE 2, H373		

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#### (Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

Information on ingredients :

[7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

#### **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Do not proceed with mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use the appropriate equipment.

Remove the victim to fresh air. If the symptoms persist, call a physician.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open. If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist. Wash immediately and abundantly with water, including under the eyelids.

#### In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

Immediately remove all soiled clothing.

Wash immediately and abundantly with soap and water.

### In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, do not allow to drink, do not induce vomiting and transfer to hospital immediately by ambulance. Show the label to the doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

### **SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

### Suitable methods of extinction

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

### SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

### For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

### SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled. Avoid exposure to pregnant women and warn women of child-bearing age of the possible risks

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Avoid contact with eyes.

No special precaution apart from the observance of hygiene rules

### Fire prevention :

No smoking.

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Never inhale this mixture.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected. Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment.

### .

### Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

#### Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Ensure good ventilation at the workplace

### Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

Do not breathe fumes, vapour, spray.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between  $5^{\circ}C$  and  $40^{\circ}C$  in a dry, well ventilated place.

Only use hydrocarbon-resistant containers, joints and pipes.

#### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

#### Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

### SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union (2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

67-64-1 1210 500 - - -   1330-20-7 221 50 442 100 Peau   100-41-4 442 100 884 200 Peau   124-38-9 9000 5000 - - -	
100-41-4 442 100 884 200 Peau	
124-38-9 9000 5000	
108-88-3 192 50 384 100 Peau	
- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :	
CAS TWA : STEL : Ceiling : Definition : Criteria :	
123-42-2 50 ppm	
67-64-1 500 ppm 750 ppm A4; BEI	
1330-20-7 100 ppm 150 ppm A4; BEI	
100-41-4 20 ppm A3; BEI	
124-38-9 5000 ppm 30,000 ppm	
108-88-3 20 ppm A4; BEI	
- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 29/01/2018) :	1
CAS VME : VME : Excess Notes	
123-42-2 20 ppm 2(I)	
96 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
67-64-1 500 ppm 2(I)	
1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
1330-20-7 100 ppm 2(II)	
440 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
100-41-4 20 ppm 2(II)	
88 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
101.00.0	
124-38-9 5000 ppm 2(II)	
124-38-9 5000 ppm 2(II) 9100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

- Canada / Quebec (Regulations on occupational health and safety) :

190 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

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CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
123-42-2	50 ppm					
	238 mg/m3					
67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm				
	1190 mg/m3	2380 mg/m3				
1330-20-7	100 ppm	150 ppm				
	434 mg/m3	651 mg/m3				
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm				
	434 mg/m3	543 mg/m3				
124-38-9	5000 ppm	30000 ppm				
	9000 mg/m3	54000 mg/m3				
108-88-3	50 ppm			Pc		
	188 mg/m3					
- France (I	NRS - ED984 :2016) :	1				
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
123-42-2	50	240	-	-	-	84
67-64-1	500	1210	1000	2420	-	84
1330-20-7	50	221	100	442	*	4 Bis, 84, *
100-41-4	20	88.4	100	442	*	84
124-38-9	5000	9000	-	-	-	-
108-88-3	20	76.8	100	384	R2, *	4bis,84
- UK / WEI	(Workplace exposure	limits, EH40/2005, 20	011):			
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
123-42-2	50 ppm	75 ppm				
	241 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	362 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
67-64-1	500 ppm	1500 ppm				
	1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
1330-20-7	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk, BMGV		
	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	441 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
100-41-4	100 ppm	125 ppm		Sk		
	441 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	552 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
124-38-9	5000 ppm	15000 ppm				
	9150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	27400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				
108-88-3	50 ppm	100 ppm		Sk		
	191 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.

Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

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Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

### Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact. Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### - Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category :

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P1 (White)

Breathing apparatus only when aerosol or spray are formed.

#### **SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### General information :

Fluid liquid.	
Spray.	
Amber	
Not relevant.	
Not relevant.	
= 1	
Insoluble.	
>= 30 kJ/g.	

#### 9.2. Other information

No data available.

### SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity

#### No data available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating

- heat

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

### **SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Harmful by inhalation.

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as moderate eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 7 days. Respiratory tract irritation may occur, together with symptoms such as coughing, choking and breathing difficulties.

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance. Suspected human reproductive toxicant.

May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.

Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration. **11.1.1. Substances** 

> LD50 = 12200 mg/kg Species : Rabbit

Duration of exposure : 4 h

LD50 = 3500 mg/kg Species : Rat

LD50 = 15400 mg/kg Species : Rabbit

Duration of exposure : 4 h

Duration of exposure : 4 h

LC50 = 17.2 mg/l Species : Rat

LD50 = 1100 mg/kg

LC50 = 11 mg/l

LC50 = 49 mg/l

Species : Rat

### Acute toxicity :

TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3) Dermal route :

Inhalation route (n/a):

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Oral route :

Dermal route :

Inhalation route (n/a) :

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7) Oral route :

Inhalation route (n/a) :

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1) Oral route :

Dermal route :

Inhalation route (n/a) :

Species : Rat LD50 = 20000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

LD50 = 5800 mg/kg

LC50 = 76 mg/l Species : Rat Duration of exposure : 4 h

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE (CAS: 123-42-2) Oral route : LD50 = 2520 mg/kg

Dermal route :

Species : Rat LD50 = 13630 mg/kg

11.1.2. Mixture

Acute toxicity :

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Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :

Harmful by inhalation.

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Duration of exposure : 4 h LC50 = 2.542 mg/l

#### Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

## Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

Mild eye irritation

### Aspiration hazard :

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration. "Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the respiratory system in very susceptible persons." May cause lung damage if swallowed

ECr50 = 3.6 mg/l

LC50 = 13 mg/l

ECr50 = 12.5 mg/l Duration of exposure : 72 h

LC50 = 5540 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 96 h

Species : Carassius auratus Duration of exposure : 96 h

#### Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 1330-20-7 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

#### **SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

### 12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Algae toxicity :

TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3) Fish toxicity :

Algae toxicity :

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1) Fish toxicity :

Crustacean toxicity :

EC50 = 6100 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE (CAS: 123-42-2) Fish toxicity : LC:

LC50 = 420 mg/l Species : Lepomis macrochirus Duration of exposure : 96 h

#### 12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### 12.2.1. Substances

TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3)	
Biodegradability :	no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not
	degrading quickly.

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Biodegradability :

ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1) Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

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degrading	auickly.

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE (CAS: 123	3-42-2)
Biodegradability :	no d

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>12.3.1. Substances</b> TOLUENE (CAS: 108-88-3) Octanol/water partition coefficient :	log Koe = 2.73
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4) Octanol/water partition coefficient :	log Koe = 3.15
ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1) Octanol/water partition coefficient :	log Koe = -0.24

4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE (CAS: 12	23-42-2)
Octanol/water partition coefficient :	log Koe = 1.03

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Not very mobile in soil.

The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the surface

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

### SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The appropriate waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with local regulations.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

### **SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

### 14.1. UN number

1950

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



2.1 14.4. Packing group

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327	E0	2	D
							344 625			
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190	E0			
						277 327				
						344 381				
						959				
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167	E0	
								A802		
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167	E0	
								A802		

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

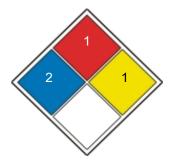
### **SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- The following regulations have been used:
- OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200
- Container information:
  - No data available.
- Particular provisions :

Total net weight of the aerosol (active 282 g product + gas) :

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704) : NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=2 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



- Clean Water Act : Toxic Pollutants (CWA 307A)		
CAS	Name	
108-88-3	TOLUENE	
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	
- Clean Water Act : Hazardous Sub	stances (CWA 311)	
CAS	Name	
1330-20-7	XYLENE	
108-88-3	TOLUENE	
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	
- Clean Water Act : Hazardous Sub	stances (CWA 304b)	
CAS	Name	
67-64-1	ACETONE	
1330-20-7	XYLENE	
108-88-3	TOLUENE	
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	
- Clean Water Act : Priority Pollutants (CWA Priority)		
CAS	Name	

THROTTLE BODY CLEAN - 59970northame	
108-88-3	TOLUENE
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
- Clean Air Act : Hazardous Air Pollutants (	
CAS	
1330-20-7	XYLENE
108-88-3	TOLUENE
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
- Clean Air Act : Organic Hazardous Air Pol	llutants National Emission Standards (CAA 112(b) HON (387))
CAS	Name
67-64-1	ACETONE
1330-20-7	XYLENE
108-88-3	TOLUENE
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
- Clean Air Act : Protection of Stratospheric	c Ozone (CAA 602)
Unlisted.	
- SARA 110	
CAS	Namo
67-64-1	
	ACETONE XYLENE
1330-20-7	
108-88-3	TOLUENE
- SARA 302/304	
Unlisted.	
- SARA 313	
CAS	Name
67-64-1	ACETONE
1330-20-7	XYLENE
108-88-3	TOLUENE
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
- California proposition 65 : Chemicals kno	wn to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity
CAS	Name
108-88-3	TOLUENE
	evelopmental)
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
	ncer)
- Massachusetts : Right to Know	
-	
CAS	Name
67-64-1	
1330-20-7	XYLENE
123-42-2	4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE
108-88-3	TOLUENE
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
- New Jersey : Right to Know	
CAS	Name
67-64-1	ACETONE
1330-20-7	XYLENE
123-42-2	4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE
108-88-3	TOLUENE
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
- Pennsylvania : Hazardous Substance	
CAS	Name
67-64-1	ACETONE
1330-20-7	XYLENE
123-42-2	4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE
108-88-3	TOLUENE
100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE
- Rhode Island : Hazardous substance list	
CAS	Name
67-64-1	ACETONE
1330-20-7	XYLENE
123-42-2	4-HYDROXY-4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE
	TOLUENE
108-88-3	IOLUEINE

100-41-4

### ETHYLBENZENE

- TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) - USA All components are listed or exempted.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

### **SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

#### Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flammable liquid and vapour.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May be harmful if swallowed.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Harmful in contact with skin.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes eye irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
May be harmful if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May damage fertility or the unborn child .
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .

#### Abbreviations :

CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

GHS08 : Health hazard

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

HCS : Hazard Communication standard (OSHA).